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| S.NO | TITTLE | AUTHOR | YEAR | INFERENCE |
| 1 | INVENTORY MANAGEMENT IN INDIA | R.S.CHADDA | 1964 | \*Study had been made on inventory management practices  of Indian companies  \*. The analysis suggested application of  modern scientific inventory control techniques like operations  research.  \* These modern scientific techniques furnish opportunities  for the companies, Companies can minimize their investment  in inventory but there is continuous flow of production.  \*He argued that industrially advanced countries, like, USA,  were engaged in developing highly sophisticated mathematical  models and techniques for modernizing and redefining the  existing tools of inventory investment. |
| 2 | INVENTORIES IN INDIAN MANUFACTURING | KRISHNAMURTHY | 1970 | \*Study was aggregative and dealt with inventories in the private  sector of Indian economy as a whole for the period  1948-61.  \* This study used sales to represent demand for the  product and suggested the importance of accelerator. \*Shortterm  rate of interest had also been found to be significant |
| 3 | INVENTORY BEHAVIOUR AND EFFICACY OF CREDIT CONTOL | GEORGE | 1972 | \*It was the study on cross section analysis of balance sheet data  of 52 public limited companies for the period of 1967- 70.  \*Accelerator,  internal and external finance variables were considered  in the formulation of equations for raw materials including  goods-in-process inventories.  \* However, equations for finished  goods inventories conceive only output variable. \*Deliberation  was given on accelerator and external finance variables |

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| 4 | PROBLEMS OF WORKING CAPITAL WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO SELECTED PUBLIC SECTOR UNDERTAKING IN INDIA | MISHRA | 1975 | \* is the study of six major public sector enterprises. He concluded  That  (i) inventory constitutes the most important component  of working capital of public enterprises  (ii) efficiency of working  capital funds employed in receivables is terribly low in the  selected enterprises and  (iii) In all units both the current assets  and the quick ratios are greater than their standards. \*Enterprises  need proper control on receivables. |
| 5 | INVENTORY MODELS AND PROBLEMS OF PRICE FLUCTUATION | LAL | 1981 | \*He studied Modi Steels Limited as a case study, his study  focused on inventory management.  \*He originated a model  which involve price variable in inventory management;  earlier price variable in inventory was not considered in  that company.  \*The analysis recommended solid policies,  which would look after internal and external factors, ultimately  it would help in bringing in efficient working capital  management. |